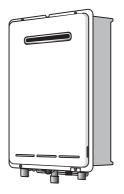


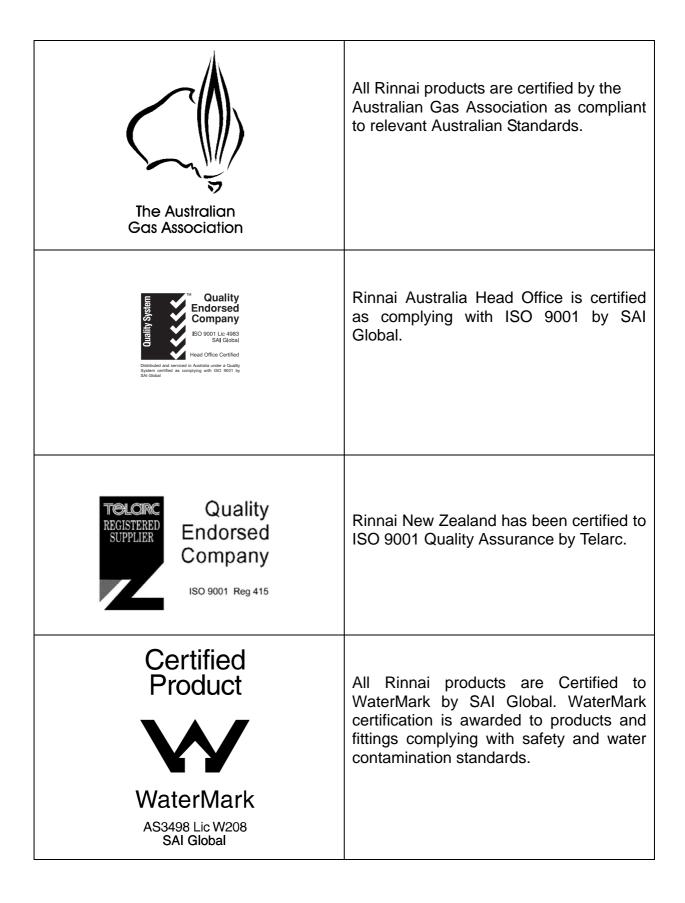
SERVICE MANUAL



To Suit Models:

REU-V3237WG REU-VM3237WC

Does NOT suit any other Models.



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WARNING



Failure to comply with these instructions may result in serious personal injury or damage to the appliance.



- All wiring inside this appliance may be at 240 Volts potential.
- All service work must be carried out by an authorised person.

This manual has been published by Rinnai Australia Engineering & Technical Group.

We welcome users of this manual to provide feedback and suggestions for improvement purposes.

Glossary of Terms and Symbols

dB(A) - sound pressure level in decibels, "A" range

DC - direct current

AC - alternating current

WFCD - water flow control device

FB - feedback information

FF - feedforward information

Hz - Hertz

IC - integrated circuit

kcal/h - kilocalorie per hour

kPa - kilopascals

LED - light emitting diode

L/min - Litres per minute

mA - milliamps

MJ/h - megajoule per hour

mm - millimetres

mmH₂O - millimetres of water (gauge pressure)

OHS - overheat switch

PCB - printed circuit board

CPU - central processing unit

POT - potentiometer

rpm - revolutions per minute

SV - solenoid valve

ø - diameter

 Δ °C - temperature rise above ambient

POV - modulating valve

TE - thermal efficiency

TH - thermistor

T_{IN} - temperature of incoming water

T_{OUT} - temperature of outgoing water

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1. Specifications

Rinnai model number	REU-V3237WG
	REU-VM3237WC
Type of appliance	Temperature controlled continuous flow gas hot water system
Exhaust system	Fan Forced Flue
Installation	External
Dimensions	Width - 470 mm Height - 600 mm Depth - 244 mm
Weight	29 kilograms
Gas consumption (Min. / Max.)	Natural gas : Approx. 21 ~ 250 MJ/h Propane gas : Approx. 21 ~ 250 MJ/h
Output (kW) (Maximum)	55.5 kW
Connections 1620WG / WB	Gas connection - R3/4 (20A) Cold water connection - R 3/4 (20A) Hot water connection - R 3/4 (20A)
Ignition system	Direct electronic ignition
Electrical consumption	Normal - 65 W Standby - 2 W (with 1 water control) Anti-frost protection - 100 W
Hot water capacity (Raised 25°C)	2.4 to 32 L/min
Temperature range (with controller)	Kitchen water controller : 37 ~ 55°C Bathroom water controller: 37 ~ 50°C
Delivery temperatures	40°C, 42°C, 50°C, 55°C, 65°C, 75, 85, 95°C (set by combination of dip switches on PCB) NOTE: 95°C appliance must be factory converted by Rinnai.
Water flow control	Water flow sensor, Electronic water flow control device
Maximum hot water capacity, raised @ 25°C	32 L/min
Water pressure required to achieve maximum hot water capacity	140 kPa
Maximum water flow	37 L/min
Water pressure required to achieve maximum hot water flow	190 kPa
Minimum water flow	2.4 L/min
Power supply	Appliance - AC 240 Volts 50 Hz Water controller - DC 12 Volts
Water controllers (optional)	A maximum of 4 water controllers can be fitted. Any combination of deluxe, universal and wireless controllers can be used with the following limitations: Only ONE master controller can be installed. This can be a MC-100V, a MC-91Q (when programmed as a mater controller) or a MC-502RC/MC-503RC water controller. Up to TWO BC-100V water controllers can be installed. The FOURTH water controller in any installation MUST be a MC-502RC / MC-503RC or a MC-91Q.
Water Controller Cable	Cables are supplied with water controllers. Alternatively, two core sheathed (double insulated) flex with minimum cross sectional area of 0.5 m² may be used. Maximum individual cable runs should not exceed 50 m.

Sensors and Safety Functions

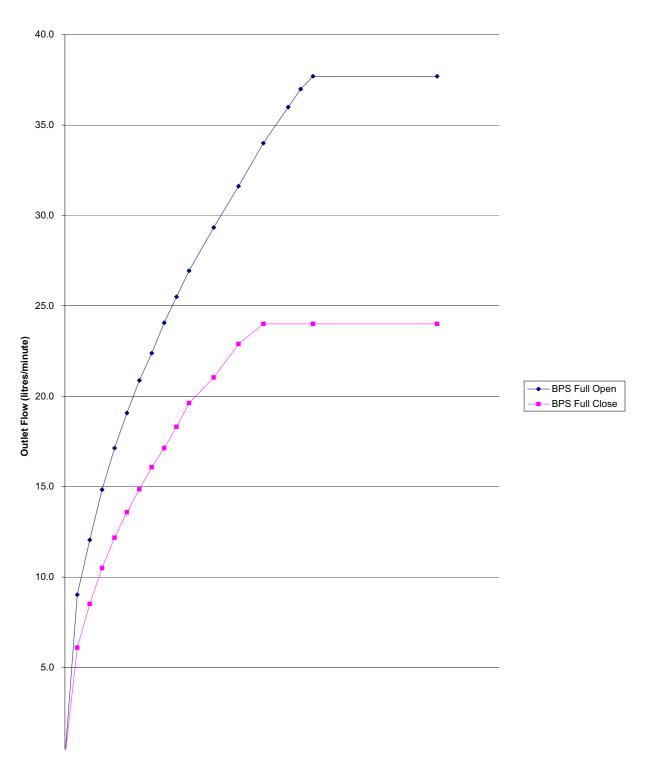
- **Hot Water Delivery Thermistor:** Measures hot water temperature at the outlet valve (i.e. the 'mixed' temperature).
- **Heat Exchanger Thermistor:** Measures water temperature in the heat exchanger.
- Flame Rod: Monitors combustion characteristics inside the combustion chamber. If the flame fails, gas supply is stopped.
- Overheat Switch: Situated on the heat exchanger, gas supply is stopped when water temperature reaches 97°C for a number of seconds.
- **Fusible Link:** Situated on the heat exchanger, electrical power supply is stopped if the temperature exceeds 129°C.
- Water Pressure Relief Valve: Safeguards the water circuit against excessive inlet pressure. Opens at 2060 kPa, closes at 1470 kPa.
- Electrical Fuse: (3A glass fuse) prevents against power surges.
- Surge Protector: prevents against over-current.
- Boil Dry Prevention: If water flow sensor detects no flow, gas supply is stopped.
- Combustion Fan Speed Sensor: In case of combustion fan defect (no rotation of fan blades) gas supply is stopped.
- **Temperature Cutout:** If the delivered hot water temperature rises above the required delivery temperature for a number of seconds, the gas supply is stopped.

Combustion Specifications

Refer to dataplate on the appliance.

2. Water Flow Rates and Pressures

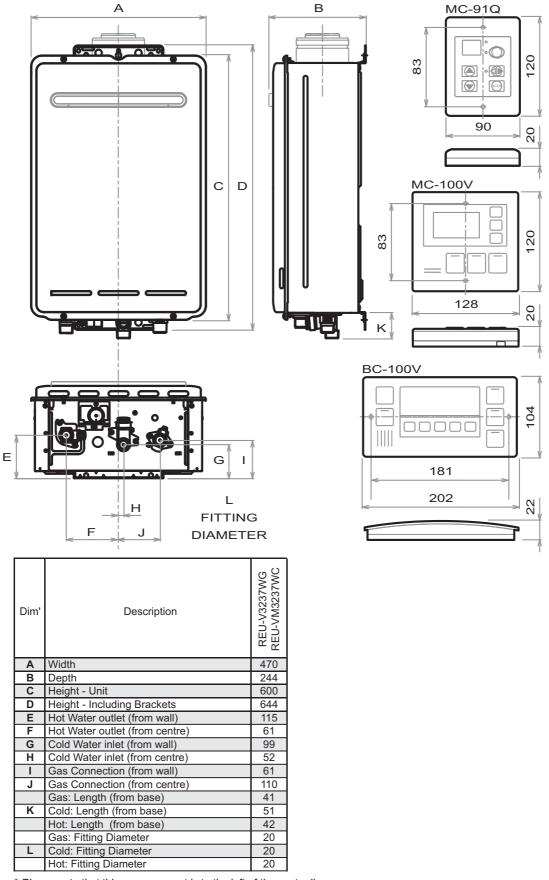
Water flow vs inlet pressure 3237



REU-VM32	237W	BF	PS full clo	se														
P(kPa)	0.0	10.0	20.0	30.0	40.0	50.0	60.0	70.0	80.0	90.0	100.0	120.0	140.0	160.0	200.0	300.0		
Q(L/min)	0.0	6.1	8.5	10.5	12.2	13.6	14.9	16.1	17.1	18.3	19.6	21.0	22.9	24.0	24.0	24.0		
REU-VM32	237W	BI	PS full op	en														
P(kPa)	0.0	10.0	20.0	30.0	40.0	50.0	60.0	70.0	80.0	90.0	100.0	120.0	140.0	160.0	180.0	190.0	200.0	300.0
Q(L/min)	0.0	9.0	12.1	14.8	17.1	19.1	20.9	22.4	24.1	25.5	26.9	29.3	31.6	34.0	36.0	37.0	37.7	37.7

BPS = Heat Exchanger Bypass Servo

3. Dimensions



^{*} Please note that this measurement is to the left of the centre line.

4. Water Controllers



All water controllers must be installed in accordance with the relevant operation/installation instructions supplied with the water heater or controllers.

Trouble shooting

Water Controller not showing display - (Wired Water Controllers)

- Check that the correct number and combination of controllers have been installed for the specific model Infinity. Refer to controller compatibility table below.
- Check water controller is turned ON.
- Check there is 12VDC power supply available to the controller from the Ezi-connect terminals.
- If there is 12VDC available from the Ezi Connect but no controller display, check wiring between Ezi-connect and controller is sound.
- If there is no power from the Ezi-connect terminals, but the hot water functions correctly, replace PCB.

Error Code 12 as soon as hot water tap is turned ON.

- Check 12VDC internal wiring to Ezi-connect terminal is not crushed or shortened.
- Rectify wiring and re-close Ezi-connect cover carefully.

Water Controller not showing display - (Wireless Water Controllers)

- Ensure transceiver module is mounted in the correct location, as per wireless controller installation instructions.
- Ensure 2 x AA batteries are in good working order and installed with the correct polarity within the wireless controller. (Battery polarity details on rear of wireless controller)
- Ensure distance between wireless controller and transceiver does not exceed 50 metres.
- Ensure channel has been allocated to each wireless water controller.
- Ensure wireless controller has been programmed to the transceiver correctly, as per wireless water controller installation instructions.

Water Controller Compatibility Table

Wireless Only Installation	A maximum of 4 wireless water controllers can be fitted with the following limitation: Only <u>ONE</u> MC-502RC can be set as the Master Controller.
Wired & Wireless Installations	A maximum of 4 water controllers can be fitted. Any combination of deluxe, universal and wireless controllers can be used with the following limitation: Only ONE master controller can be installed. This can be a MC-100V, a MC-91Q (when programmed as a master controller) or a MC-502RC water controller. Up to TWO BC-100V water controllers can be installed. The FOURTH water controllers in any installation MUST BE a MC-502RC or a MC91Q.

PROGRAMMING FOR THE 'UNIVERSAL' WATER CONTROLLER (MC-91Q)



1

Are there four water controllers connected?

IF NO: (You have three water controllers or fewer), go to Question 2.

IF YES: You will need to activate the fourth water controller as follows:

STEP 1: For the water controller in the KITCHEN ONLY, press and hold the 'Transfer' and 'On/Off' buttons simultaneously (see Fig. 5) until a 'beep' is heard (approximately 5 seconds).

STEP 2: Check that the display on ALL FOUR water controllers is lit and displaying a temperature when 'switched on'. If any ONE of the controller displays two dashes (see Fig. 6) repeat STEP 1.

This completes the activation procedure for the fourth controller, you may ignore Question 2.



Fig. 5



Fig. 6



2 Is the water heater marked to state it delivers water not exceeding 50°C?

IF YES: No further action required.

IF NO: You will need to program the kitchen controller to enable selection of temperatures higher than 50°C.

STEP 1: For the controller in the KITCHEN ONLY, press and hold the 'Transfer' and 'On/Off' buttons simultaneously (Fig. 7) until a 'beep' is heard (approximately 5 seconds).

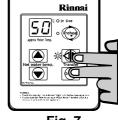


Fig. 7

STEP 2: When the controller fitted in the KITCHEN is switched On, it should be possible to select temperatures higher than 50°C. If not, repeat STEP 1.



If the water controller in the kitchen is replaced, repeat STEP 1 above for the replacement controller.

If the water controller in the kitchen is swapped with another controller (for example, the controller fitted in a bathroom), repeat STEP 1 for the controller moved from the kitchen to the bathroom. Then perform STEP 1 for the controller moved from bathroom to the kitchen.

5. Smartstart

At least one temperature controller model MC-91Q must be used in conjunction with the water heater and the Smartstart® system. Alternatively, if water controllers cannot be used a manual activation switch must be used. Water Controllers cannot be used with the 1620WS model.

The installation of the water heater and temperature controllers must be performed in accordance with the installation instructions supplied with the water heater.

The Smartstart® system is designed for domestic installations. However, it may be suitable for certain non domestic installations. See separate service manual for more information.

Principle of Operation (Fig.2)

The "Smartstart®" system heats the water in the pipework water connected between the water heater and the hot water outlets before any outlets are opened using the 'flow and return' pipework principle. This results in water savings and reduced waiting time for heated water delivery from the outlet when opened.

Traditional 'flow and return' systems usually keep the water in the pipework heated continuously. The Smartstart® system however, only heats the water before the outlet is opened. This results in significant energy savings because water is not heated unnecessarily whilst retaining the benefits of traditional flow and return systems.

A schematic of the Smartstart® system installed in conjunction with a Rinnai continuous flow water heater and temperature controller is shown in Fig.2 below.

If problems are experienced with Smartstart® operation refer to the Smartstart® Service Manual.

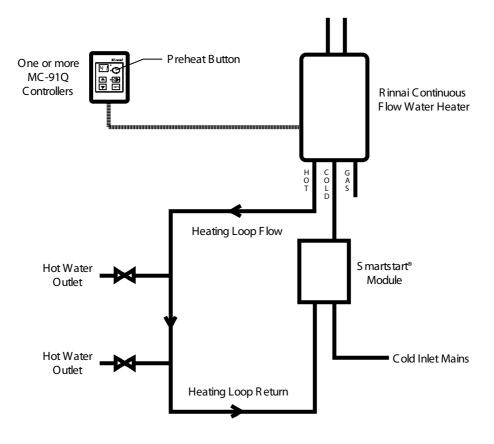
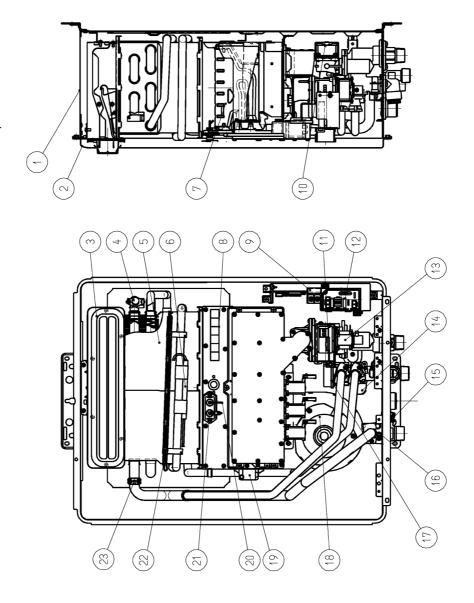


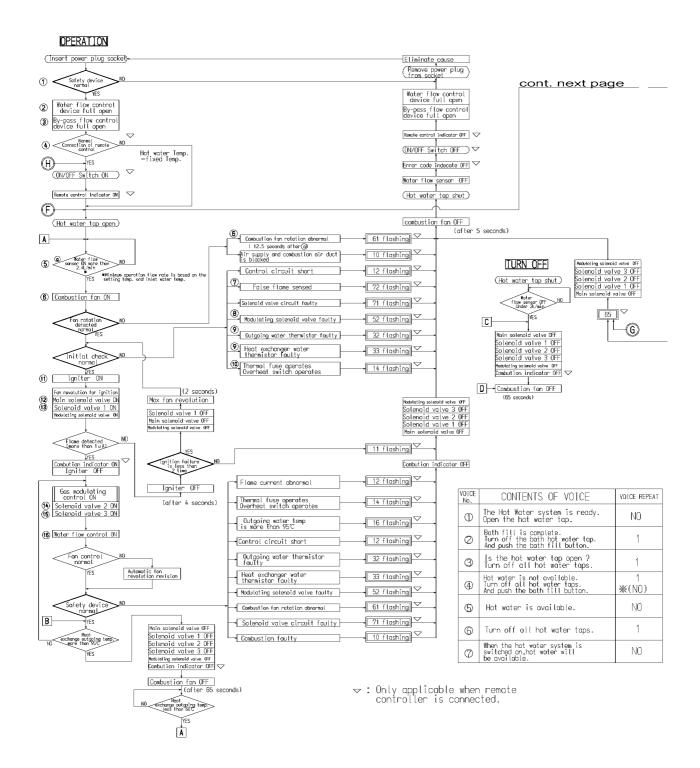
Figure 2 - Non Solar Hot Water Systems

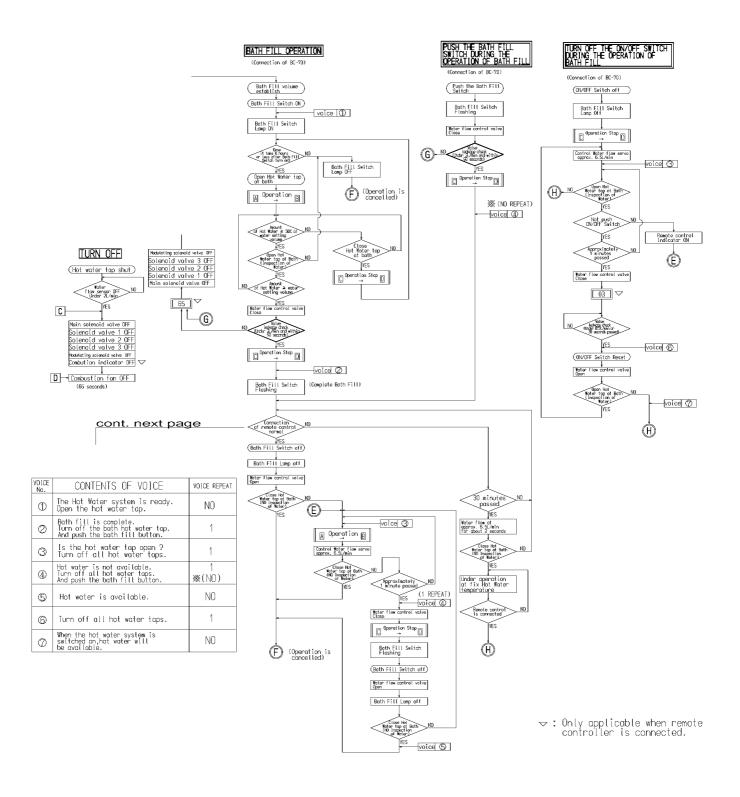
6. Cutaway Diagram

NO.	NAME	MATERIAL
\bigcirc	CASING ASS"Y	HOT_DIPPED_ZINC-COATED
\bigcirc	FRONT PANEL	STEEL SHEET
3	FLUE OUTLET	STAINLESS STEEL
\oplus	OVER HEAT SWITCH	
0	HEAT EXCHANGER	COPPER
9	ANTI-FROST HEATER	(-AK,ZK ONLY)
0	BURNER	STAINLESS STEEL
(8)	PANEL OF COMBUSTION CHAMBER	ALUMINUM COATED STEEL SHEET
(PCB	
0	SOLENOID VALVE BODY	ALUMINUM CASTING
1	STATUS MONITOR	(commercial model ONLY)
(2)	SURGE PROTECTOR	
(3)	MODULATING SOLENOID VALVE	ALUMINUM CASTING
(H)	WATER FLOW CONTROL DEVICE	BRASS
(2)	PRESSURE RELIEF VALVE	BRASS
(6)	OUTGOING WATER TEMPERATURE THERMISTOR	
1	BY-PASS CONTROL DEVICE	BRASS
(B)	COMBUSTION FAN	
(1)	IGNITION	
@	ELECTRODE	
0	FLAME ROD	
0	THERMAL FUSES	
(Z)	HEAT EXCHANGER THERMISTOR	

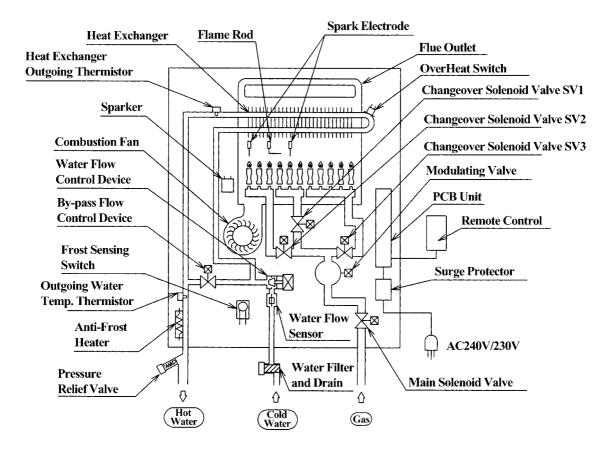


7. Operational Flow Chart





8. Operation Principles



Hot Water Operation

1. Ignition

- Activate controllers (if fitted) and open the hot water tap (for full details regarding operation of controllers refer to the 'Customer Operating / Installation Manual' supplied with water heater).
- When water flows through the unit, the water flow sensor rotates and sends an electrical 'pulse' signal to the Printed Circuit Board (PCB). This signal is proportional to the water flow rate.
- The PCB sends electrical current to the combustion fan motor causing it to turn. The fan motor sends an electrical pulse signal to the PCB. If fan rotation is OK, the main solenoid and changeover solenoid valves open as required, the spark generator activates and the spark electrode ignites the burner.

2. Water Temperature and Flow

- The PCB will automatically control operation of the internal components to achieve the programmed temperature. When a high temperature rise is required, the PCB may cause the Water Flow Servo to close partially resulting in a lower flow rate to achieve the programmed temperature. This is a necessary operational feature of the unit.
- When operating in 'Bath Fill' mode, the signal from the water flow sensor is also used by the PCB to compute the volume of water that has been passed through the unit at any instant whilst the bath is filling.

3. Shut Down

- When operating in 'Bath Fill' mode, the PCB causes the Water Flow Servo to close when the programmed Bath Fill volume has passed through the unit. Alternatively, flow is stopped when the user closes the hot water tap.
- When water flow stops, the water flow sensor stops rotating and the pulse signal to the PCB stops. The PCB then causes the main solenoid and solenoid valves to close and the burner is extinguished. The combustion fan will continue to operate for some time to purge the combustion chamber.

9. Main Components

1) Printer Circuit Board (PCB)

 The Printed Circuit Board controls all operational functions including Air Supply Control, Gas Control, Water Flow Measurement, Water Flow Control, Combustion System and all sensors and safety devices.

2) Gas Flow Control

- During normal operation, the PCB keeps the main solenoid valve open whilst there is flow through the unit and the burner needs to be lit.
- Gas flow rate is controlled by the modulating valve assembly and changeover solenoid valves to always ensure constant outlet water temperature, regardless of flow rate or incoming water temperature.
- The modulating valve is electronically controlled by the PCB using signals from the water flow sensor, water flow control device, bypass flow control device, water temperature thermistors and combustion fan speed sensor. The modulating valve directs gas to the three changeover solenoid valves.
- The changeover solenoid valves direct gas to each of the burner banks independantly. Any one, two or all of the solenoid valves may be open during operation.
- Gas flow is modulated by a combination of the modulating valve and changeover solenoid positions.
- The maximum gas rate is predetermined and the appliance cannot be overloaded when correctly installed.

3) Water Flow Control

- Water flow is detected by a turbine coupled to a magnetic pulse generating device. The magnetic pulses are detected and counted by the PCB. The PCB calculates the exact water flow from the frequency of pulses generated by the turbine, as well as the volume of water that has passed through the unit at any instant during 'Bath Fill' operation. A minimum flow rate of 2.7l/min. is required for the burner to ignite.
- Water flow control is achieved through the use of servo driven water flow and bypass valves. Both servo motors are controlled by the PCB. The 'Water Flow Valve' restricts the flow of water into the heat exchanger assembly if the programmed temperature cannot be achieved. Also, when the Bath Fill function is activated, flow of water is stopped when the bath is full. During normal operation, cold water from the inlet valve is mixed with hot water from the heat exchanger outlet. The 'Bypass Valve' mixes the correct proportion of cold and hot water to ensure accurate hot water delivery temperature over the available range of flow rates. The water flow and bypass valves are a combined assembly on the cold water inlet of the appliance.

4) Air Supply Control

• Air for combustion is supplied by a centrifugal fan driven by a variable speed DC motor. The to the motor is determined by the PCB based on water flow, delivered water temperature and programmed water temperature. The actual fan speed is monitored by a magnetic pulse counter. This counter emits a signal to the PCB. From the supplied to the DC motor and the fan speed signal, the PCB determines whether an error condition exists with the fan.

5) Combustion System

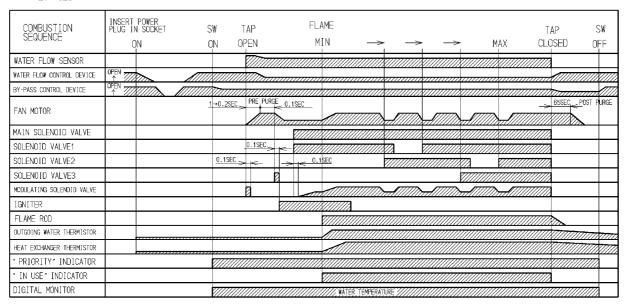
The combustion chamber is housed within the heat exchanger assembly and comprises:

- A multi chamber aluminium alloy manifold with a total of multiple injectors, arranged in multiple rows.
 The middle chamber houses eight injectors, the left chamber, twelve, and the right chamber, twenty four injectors. Gas flow to each chamber is controlled by an electronic solenoid valve (refer 'Gas Flow Control' above).
- A burner assembly comprising multiple identical modular stainless steel bunsen burners secured by an aluminised steel framework. The manifold is attached to the front of the burner module. Each bunsen burner is supplied by two injectors.
- A combustion chamber. Integrated into the combustion chamber front panel are the flame rod and ignition electrode(s).

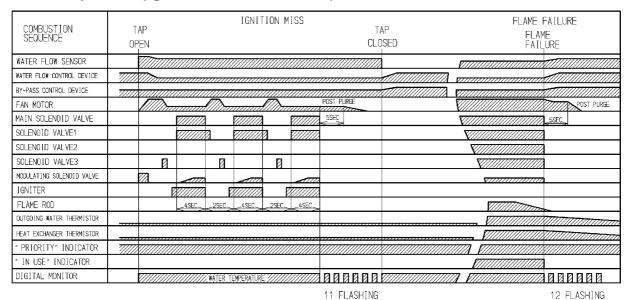
10. Time Charts

Normal Combustion Sequence

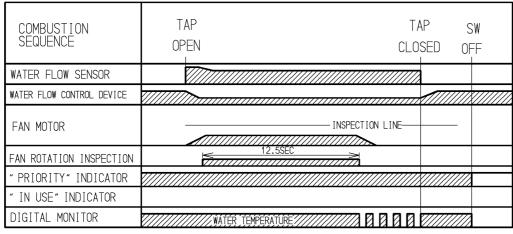
REU-V3237 Series



Error Sequence (Ignition/Flame Failure)



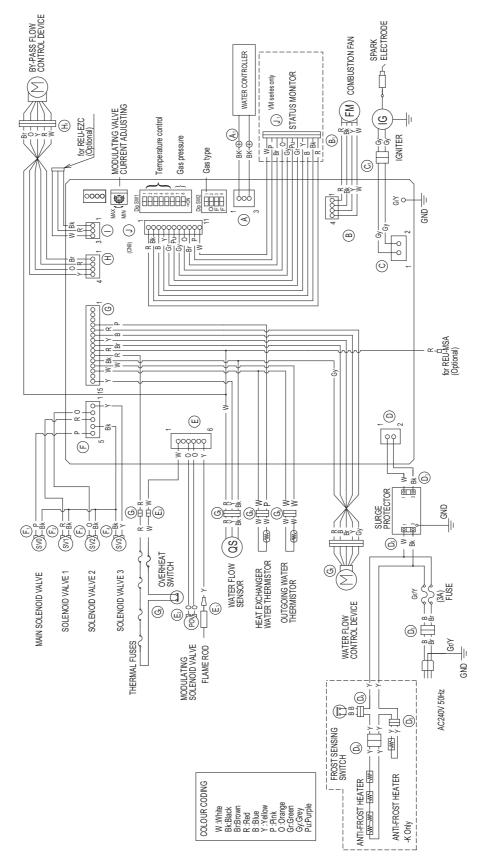
Pre-Purge Defect Sequence



61FLASHING

11. Wiring Diagram





12. Diagnostics Points

FLOW CHART	COMPONENT		UREMENT POINT	NORMAL VALUE	NOTE
No.		CN	WIRE COLOUR		
$\left \begin{array}{c} 1 \end{array} \right $	SURGE PROTECTOR	D_1	B-Br	AC207~264V	
			R-B	DC11~13V	OPERATE ELECTRICITY
			Gy-O	DC11~13V	CONTROL ELECTRICITY
$\left \left(2 \right) \right $	WATER FLOW	G ₆	Gy-Y	BELOW DC1V(LIMITER ON)	FULL OPEN POSITION
(17)	CONTROL DEVICE	00	<i>o</i> _j .	DC4~6V (LIMITER OFF)	TOLE OF ENT OSITION
			Gy-Br	BELOW DC1V(LIMITER ON) DC4~6V (LIMITER OFF)	FULL CLOSE POSITION
			Br-W		
(3)	BY-PASS FLOW	H₁	O-W	DC12V (OPERATING DC2~6V)	
	CONTROL DEVICE	П ₁	Y-W R-W GND	15 ~ 35Ω	
	WATER CONTROLLER	_		DC11- 12V	
(4)	WATER CONTROLLER	A ₁	Bk-Bk	DC11~13V	
	WATER ELOW CENCOR		R-Bk	DC11~13V	ON2.7I/MIN (30Hz) OVER 1800PULSE/MIN
$ 5\rangle$	WATER FLOW SENSOR	G₃	Y-Bk gnd	DC4~7V (PULSE 17~460Hz)	OFF2.0I/MIN (20Hz) BELOW 1200PULSE/MIN
			R-Bk	DC6~45V	
6	COMBUSTION FAN	B₁	Y-Bk	DC11~13V	
			W-Bk GND	DC6~45V (33~400Hz)	
$\overline{7}$	FLAME ROD	E₁	Y-BODY EARTH	AC5~150V	AFTER IGNITION
	TEAWE NOD	<u> </u>	Y-FLAME ROD	OVER DC1µA	FLAME CONDITION
8	MODULATING VALVE	E ₂	P-P	DC2 ~ 15V 67 ~ 81 Ω	
9	OUTGOING THERMISTOR	G₅	W-W	15° C··· 11. 4~ 14. 0kΩ 30° C··· 6. 4~ 7. 8kΩ	
				45° C··· 3. 6∼ 4. 5kΩ	
(10)	HEAT EXCHANGER	G ₄	W-P	60° C··· 2. 2∼ 2. 7kΩ 105° C··· 0. 6∼ 0. 8kΩ	
	OUTGOING THERMISTOR			100 C 0, 0 - 0, 0012	
		G₁	D D		
12	THERMAL FUSE		R-R W-W	BELOW 1Ω	
		E₃	VV-VV		
13)	IGNITER	C ₁	Cv.Cv	AC207~264V	
	IUIVITEK	U1	Gy-Gy		
14	MAIN SOLENOID VALVE	F ₁	P-Bk	DC11~13V 37~43 Ω	
				DC11~13V	
(15)	SOLENOID VALVE 1	F ₂	R-Bk	37 ~ 43Ω	
	COLENOID VALVE 3	г	O DI	DC11~13V	
(16)	SOLENOID VALVE 2	F ₃	O-Bk	37∼43Ω	
(17)	SOLENOID VALVE 3	F ₄	Y-Bk	DC11~13V	
	OCCLINOID WILVE O	1 4	, DI	35∼41Ω	

13. Dip Switch Settings

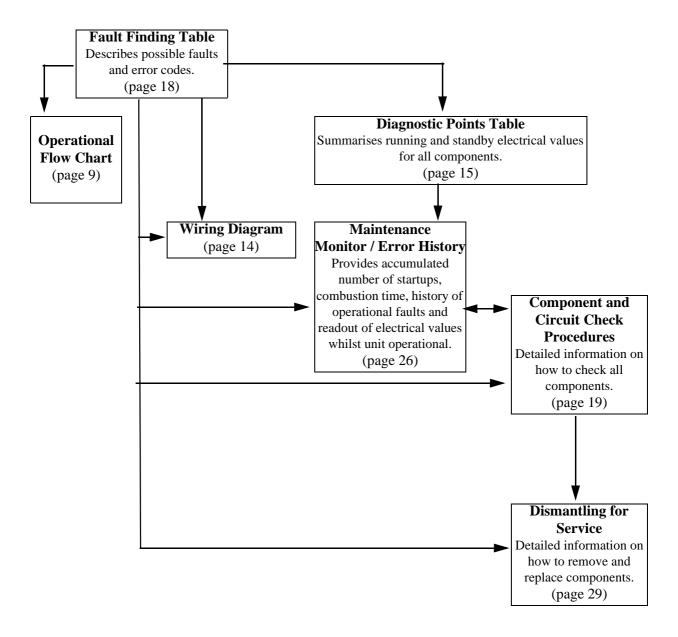
Contact Rinnai for Dipswitch settings.

14. Fault Finding



If there is a fault with the appliance, and controllers are installed, a numerical fault code may appear on the digital display controller. If controllers are not installed, one may be fitted to find out the fault code. Fault finding without controllers (and thus fault codes) is possible but more time consuming.

To diagnose and rectify faults, the **Fault Finding Table** is used as illustrated below:



Fault Finding Table

Code on Controller	Fault	Action			
03	Power interruption during Bathfill. Water will not	1. Turn off all hot water taps.			
03	flow when power restored.	Press the ON/OFF button on a controller twice. Check blockage of air intake/flue outlet. Check combustion fan. Check gas supply			
10	Combustion fan current too high. Unit operates,				
10	then stops.				
	No ignition. Unit stops without flame igniting				
11		2. Check sparker unit			
		3. Check gas valves			
	Flame Failure / Earth Leakage	1. Check gas supply			
12		2. Check flame rod			
12		3. Check earth wire lead			
		4. Check remote control			
	Thermal fuse and/or overheat switch activated.	1. Check thermal fuse			
	Unit operates, then stops.	2. Check overheat switch			
14		IMPORTANT- If thermal fuse or overheat switch were faulty:			
		a. Check heater for damage			
		b. Confirm "Gas Type" and "Combustion" dip switch settings			
	Over temperature warning. Unit operates, then	c. Confirm test point pressures . Confirm "Gas Type" and "Combustion" dip switch settings			
	stops.	Confirm das Type and Combustion dip switch settings Confirm test point pressure			
	and the second s	<u> </u>			
16		Check gas valves Check water flow sensor			
10		5. Check water flow servo			
		Check heat exchanger outlet temperature thermistor Check hot water outlet temperature thermistor			
32	Outlet water thermistor flow	Check hot water outlet temperature thermistor			
33					
33	Heat exchanger thermistor error	Check heat exchanger thermistor			
52	Modulating solenoid valve fault. Unit stops without flame ignition.	Check modulating solenoid valve			
61	Combustion fan rotation error	Check combustion fan			
65	Water flow control device error. Water flow is not controlled. Water temperature too low.	Check water flow servo			
71	Solenoid valve circuit error. Unit does not operate.	Check gas valves			
72	Flame rod circuit error. Unit does not operate.	Check flame rod			
	Appliance does not operate at all. No display on	Check power cord plugged in and supply turned on.			
	the water controllers (if fitted).	Check power supply . Check electrical fuse. Check gas valves			
-		6. Check sparker unit.			
		7. Check earth leads and connections.			
		8. Check for short circuits. 9. Check water controller(c) if fitted			
		9. Check water controller(s) - if fitted.			
	No combustion despite remote control indicating	1. Check water flow sensor.			
	that combustion is occurring - if water	2. Check flame rod.			
	controller(s) fitted.	3. Check heat exchanger outlet thermistor.			
		4. Check hot water outlet thermistor.			
		5. Check combustion fan.			
		6. Check the sparker unit.			
-		7. Check gas valves.			
		8. Check thermal fuse.			
		9. Check overheat switch.			
		IMPORTANT - If thermal fuse or overheat switch were faulty:			
		a) check heater for damage; b) confirm "Gas Type" and "Combustion" dip switch settings;			
		c) confirm test point pressure.			
	Combustion stops during operation.	Check gas supply			
_	Service States of States o	2. Check flame rod			
		Check earth leads and connections.			
	Cannot adjust the hot water temperature via the	Check bot water outlet thermistor.			
	controller(s) - only if water controller(s) fitted.	Check hot water outlet thermistor. Check heat exchanger outlet thermistor.			
_	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	Check gas valves			
		4. Check water flow servo.			
	Anti-frost heater does not operate.	Check bypass servo. Check anti-frost heater components			
-	7 Mid-110st ficater does not operate.	Check anti-rost neater components Check frost sensing switch			
	l	2. Check most sensing switch			

15. Component and Circuit Checks



- 1. Combustion Fan Circuit (B₁)
 - · Check the Motor
 - Check the combustion fan if the error indicator displays "61".
 - Measure voltages between Black and Red of the PCB connector (B₁).

Normal: DC6~45V (when fan ON)

DC0V (when fan OFF)

If normal proceed to check the rotation sensor

Faulty: Replace PCB

2. Check for the Fan Rotation Sensor

a.) Measure voltages between Black and Yellow of connector (B₁).

Normal: DC11~13V

If normal, proceed to b).

Faulty: Replace PCB.

b.) Measure voltages between Black and White of connector (B₁).

Normal: DC6~45V

If normal, proceed to Igniter Circuit 3. Faulty: Replace Combustion Fan.

3. Igniter Circuit (C₁)

a.) Measure voltage between Grey and Grey of connector (C₁).

Normal: AC207-264V If normal, proceed to b). Faulty: Replace PCB.

b.) Disconnect connector (C₁) and measure resistance between both terminals of the sparker.

Normal: > $1M\Omega$

If normal and not sparking adjust or replace ignition plug.

Faulty: Replace Sparker.

4. Main Solenoid Valve (F₁) Circuit

Check the main solenoid if error indicator "11" is displayed.

a.) Disconnect Main Solenoid connector and measure resistance between Pink and Black wires.

Normal: 37~43 Ω

If normal, proceed to b).

Faulty: Replace Main Solenoid.

b.) Measure voltage between Pink-Black of Main Solenoid connector.

Normal: DC11~13V

If normal, proceed to Solenoid Valve F2

Faulty: Replace PCB.

4b. Solenoid Valve 1 (F2) Circuit

Check Solenoid 1 if error indicator "11" is displayed.

a.) Disconnect Solenoid 1 connector and measure resistance between Red and Black wires.

Normal: 37 \sim 43 Ω

If normal, proceed to b).

Faulty: Replace Solenoid 1.

b.) Measure voltage between Red and Black of Solenoid 1 connector.

Normal: DC 11 ~ 13V

If normal, proceed to Solenoid Valve 2 (F₃) Circuit

Faulty: Replace PCB.

4c. Solenoid Valve 2 (F₃) Circuit

a.) Disconnect Solenoid Valve 2 connector and measure resistance between Orange and Black.

Normal: 37 ~ 43 Ω

If normal, proceed to b).

Faulty: Replace Solenoid Valve 2.

b.) Measure voltage between Orange and Black of Solenoid Valve connector.

Normal: DC 11 ~ 13V

If normal, proceed to Thermal fuse Circuit.

Faulty: Replace PCB.

4d. Solenoid Valve 3 (F₄) Circuit

a.) Disconnect Solenoid connector, measure resistance between Yellow and Black wires.

Normal: 35 ~ 41 k Ω

If normal, proceed to b).

Faulty: Replace Solenoid Valve 3.

b.) Measure voltage between Yellow and Black of Solenoid valve connector.

Normal: DC11 ~ 13 V

If normal, proceed to Modulating valve circuit.

Faulty: Replace PCB.

4e.Modulating Valve (E2) Circuit

a.) Disconnect Modulating Valve terminal & measure resistance between pink terminals.

Normal: $67 \sim 81\Omega$

If normal, proceed to b.

Faulty: Replace Modulating Valve.

b.) Measure voltage between Pink and Pink wires of Modulating Valve terminal.

Normal: DC2 ~ 15V

If normal, proceed to c).

Faulty: Replace PCB.

c.) Check the gas secondary pressure change when set temperature on the remote control changes from 37 to 55 °C.

Normal: If secondary pressure changes, go to Water Flow Servo Circuit.

Faulty: Replace Modulating Valve.

- 5. Flame Rod Circuit (E₁)
 - Operate appliance and check flame rod (E₁).
 - Check Dc current flow between yellow flame rod wire and earth is over DC1µA.
 - Disconnect flame rod terminal (E₁), and re-operate appliance.
 - "72" indicated:- Proceed to c).
 - "72" is not indicated:- check for electrical leaks from the flame rod circuit.
 - Measure voltage between flame rod terminal (E₁) and appliance earth.

Normal: $>1M\Omega$

- If normal, Check all power inputs into PCB. If power inputs okay replace PCB.
- If resistance abnormal replace flame rod.
- a) Remove the Flame Rod terminal (E₁) repeat appliance operation procedure, if "72" is displayed again check the Hot water outlet thermistor.

If "72" is not displayed check current leakage from the Flame Rod.

b) Measure voltage between body earth and Flame Rod terminal (E₁).

Normal: voltage AC5 ~150V

If normal, check all power inputs into PCB. If power inputs okay replace PCB.

Faulty: Replace Flame Rod.

c) Check if the Flame Rod is securely fitted.

Normal: Check all power inputs into PCB. If power inputs okay replace PCB.

Faulty: Adjust the fitting of the Flame Rod.

Check all appliance earth connections are clean and secure.

6. Earth Lead

Confirm the Earth Lead connection is secure (at round terminal), and check for broken or short circuits in the lead.

If normal, check other possible causes for flame failure (is gas valve open?, is the filter blocked? etc.).

If faulty, tighten the earth lead, PCB, power cord and surge arrester.

7. Overheat switch and thermal fuse circuit

1. Disconnect overheat switch terminals (G₂) and measure resistance between overheat switch terminals (G₂).

Normal: $< 1 \Omega$

If not normal replace overheat switch.

If normal reconnect overheat switch terminals (G₂) and proceed to step 2.

2. Disconnect relay connectors G₁ and E₃ and measure resistance between the white and red wires.

Normal: $< 1 \Omega$

If not normal replace thermal fuse.

If normal replace PCB

Note: If thermal fuse or overheat switch were faulty:

- a) Check heater for damage.
- b) Confirm gas type and combustion dipswitch settings.
- c) Confirm test point pressure.
- 8. Water Flow Sensor (G₃)
- a.) Measure voltage between Red Black of relay connector (G₃).

Normal: DC 11~13V If normal, proceed to b. Faulty: Replace PCB.

b.) Measure voltage between Yellow - Black of relay connector (G₃).

Normal: DC 4~7V

If normal, proceed to 2.

Faulty: Replace water flow sensor.

Note: For controller readout of water flow whilst operational refer maintenance monitor (chapter 15.) No. 1.

Water Flow Control Device (G₆)

a.) Disconnect relay connector (G₆), and measure resistance between Red and Blue of Water Flow Servo.

Normal: $10~30\Omega$

If normal, proceed to b.

Faulty: Replace Water Flow Servo and Water Flow Sensor.

b.) Disconnect relay connector (G₆), and measure voltage between Orange (+) and Grey (-) on PCB unit side.

Normal: DC11~13V If normal: proceed to c).

Faulty: Replace PCB unit.

c.) Measure voltage between Brown and Grey with relay connector (G₆) connected (with no water flowing, water flow servo fully open).

Normal: DC4~6V

Faulty: Replace Water Flow Servo with Water Flow Servo.

d.) Measure voltage between Yellow and Grey with relay connector (G₆) connected (with no water flowing, water flow servo fully open).

Normal: < DC1.0V

Faulty: Replace Water Flow Servo and Water Flow Sensor.

10. Heat Exchanger Outlet Thermistor Circuit (G₄)

Check Heat Exchanger Outlet Thermistor if error indicator "33" is displayed.

Disconnect relay connector (G₄) and measure resistance between White and Pink.

Circuit Break: Resistance > $1M\Omega$ Short Circuit: Resistance < 1Ω

If normal, proceed to Water Flow Servo Circuit

If faulty, replace Heat Exchanger Outlet Thermistor.

Note: For controller readout of thermistor temperature whilst operational refer maintenance monitor (chapter 15) No. 11.

Refer circuit diagram diagnostic points for normal temperature versus resistance values.

11. Hot Water Outlet Thermistor Circuit (G₅)

Check Hot Water Thermistor if error code 32 is displayed.

Disconnect relay connector (G₅) and measure resistance White - Pink.

When disconnected: resistance >1M Ω

When short circuit: resitance > 1 Ω

Normal: Check Heat exchanger outlet thermistor.

Faulty: Replace hot water outlet thermistor.

Refer circuit diagram diagnostic points for normal temperature versus resistant values.

If normal proceed to Flame Rod circuit.

Faulty: Replace the Hot water Outlet Thermistor.

Note: For controller readout of thermistor temperature whilst operational refer maintenance monitor (chapter 15) No. 2.

Refer circuit diagram diagnostic points for normal temperature versus resistant values.

12. Surge Protector (D₁) and Electric Fuses

- a) Check the electrical fuses between (D_3) and (D_2). Normal resistance across fuse < 1 Ω . If blown, replace with fues of correct rating (240V, 3A). If OK go to b).
- b) Check supply voltage at (D_1) . Voltage between white and black wires 207-264V. If supply voltage incorrect check power supply to appliance. If OK go to c).
- c) Check voltage at (D₂). Voltage between white and black wires 207-264V. If voltage is zero repeat a). If fuses are OK replace surge protector.
- 13. Bypass Flow Control Device (H₁)
- a.) Measure working voltage while relay connector (H₁) is connected.

Normal:

CN	Wire Colour	Value
H ₁	Br - W O - W Y - W R - W ^{GND}	DC 2 ~ 6V

Faulty: Replace PCB.

b.) Disconnect relay connector (H₁) and measure resistance.

Normal:

CN	Wire Colour	Value
H ₁	Br - W O - W Y - W R - W ^{GND}	15 ~ 35Ω

If normal, proceed to a).

Faulty: Replace Bypass Servo.

- 14. Anti-frost Heater Circuit (D₅ and D₆)
 - a) Disconnect relay connector (D_5) & measure resistance bewtween yellow wires on the inlet valve frost heater at the frost heater side. Normal 53 Ω . If normal proceed to b).

Faulty: Replace valve anti frost heater.

b) Disconnect relay connector (D_6) and measure resistance between the yellow wires on the pipe frost heater at the frost heater side. Normal 618 Ω .

Faulty: Replace valve anti frost heater.

15. Frost Sensing Switch (D₄)

Disconnect relay connector (D₄) and measure resistance between yellow and yellow wires. At room temperature resistance should be > 1M Ω . Cool switch to below 2°C then measure resistance. Resistance should be < 1M Ω .

Faulty: Replace frost sensing switch.

16. Gas Pressure Setting Procedure



Refer separate Rinnai document behind front cover of appliance.

17. Gas Conversion Procedure



Refer separate document availabe from Rinnai.

18. Maintenance Monitor / Error History

Wireless Controllers



Maintenance Function - Wireless Controller Transceiver

- 1.) Press maintenance button once.
- 2.) Temperature light (orange) will illuminate & the Led display will show current water temperature in heat exchanger.
- 3.) Press maintenance button again.

 'Volume' light (orange) will illuminate. Led display to show l/min water flow through the Infinity.
- 4.) Press maintenance button again and the previous 10 error codes will be displayed.



First number shown on Led display will be 1 - followed by error code then 2 and the error code.

If error code reads — —, it means there was no error recorded.

Press maintenance button again to return to transceiver to normal mode.

This feature is available where the appliances are connected with a deluxe controller This will enable service personnel to locate the maintenance history and faulty components, with the appliance in operation.

NB. When the maintenance information, error history is shown, use only one controller. If two or more water controllers are used at the same time, it may not operate correctly.

To display Maintenance Information

- With the controller in the "OFF" position press the Water Temperature "DOWN" (Cooler) button while holding the "ON/ OFF" button to activate the maintenance monitor. Press the "ON/ OFF" button a second time to set the controller in the "ON" mode. This feature can now be used with the appliance in operation.
- 2. The maintenance number will be shown in the Water Temperature display.
- dure Maintenance Monitor Data

- 3. Data will be shown in the Clock display.
- 4. To select the required maintenance number, press the Water Temperature "UP" and "DOWN" buttons.

Maintenance

Monitor Code

	Display Monitor Contents								
No.	Contents	Units	Data Range						
01	Water flow sensor recognition flow (Example 123 = 12.3L/min).	0.1L/min	0~400						
02	Hot water Outlet thermistor temperature (Example $20 = 20$ °C)	°C	0~999						
03	Hot water combustion time (Example 6 = 600 hours)	100 hours	000~999						
04	Hot water operation frequency (Example 6 = 600 Operations)	100	0~999						
05	Hot water fan frequency	Hz pulses/sec	0~999 *Note 1						

*Note 1 Fan Frequency rpm Conversion

 $(rpm) = (Hz) \times 15$

06 Water control connection none 0 or 1 *Note 2	2
---	---

*Note 2 Water Control Connections

Bathroom C	Controls connected	Display	
Additional controller	Kitchen controller	No	"0"
"0"	"1"	Yes	"1"

07 Water flow servo present recognising positioning	None	0~2 *Note 3
---	------	-------------

*Note 3 Water Flow Servo Positioning

Servo Position	Open	Centre	Closed
Display	"1"	"0"	"2"

08	Inlet water temperature (PCB recognition value) (Example 25 = 25°C)	°C	0 ~ 999
09	Hot water fan current flow value (Example 6 x 10 = 60 mA)	10 mA	0 ~ 999
10	Bath fill amount (this counts the litres during bath fill operation).	Litres	0 ~ 999
11	Heat exchanger exit thermistor temperature (Example $55 = 55^{\circ}$ C)	°C	0 ~ 999
12	Bypass servo present recognition positioning (Example $0 = \text{Closed}$ $250 = \text{Half open}$ $500 = \text{Open}$	Degrees	0 ~ 500

To return to normal operation

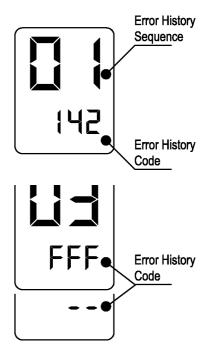
• Press the ON/OFF button again while holding down the Water Temperature "DOWN" (Cooler) button.

Error History

To Display Error Memory (History)

(This feature will show the last 10 faults in sequence)

- 1. Turn off at the ON/OFF button. (This can be done during operation)
- 2. Press the ON/OFF button while holding the Water Temperature "UP" (Hotter) button.
 - The Sequence will be shown in the Water Temperature display.
 - Error Code will be shown in the Clock display. (See service Manual for error codes).
 - Where there are less than a total of 9 errors, "FFF" or " - " will be displayed in the Clock display.



To return to normal operation.

- Press the ON/OFF button again while holding the Water Temperature "UP" (Hotter) button.
- This feature will automatically shut down after 3 minutes.

19. Dismantling for Service



240 volt potential exposure. Isolate the appliance and reconfirm with a neon screwdriver or multimeter.

NOTE: As this manual covers a wide range of models, some details of the dismantling procedure may be slightly different to those depicted in this manual.

Iter	n
1.	Removal of the Front Panel
2.	Removal of the PCB Unit
3.	Removal of the Water Flow Sensor, Servo and Bypass Servo
4.	Removal of the Sparkers
5.	Removal of the Combustion Fan
6.	Removal of the Hot Water Outlet & Heat Exchanger Outlet Thermistors 31
7.	Removal of the Gas Inlet, Solenoids and Flame Rod
8.	Removal of the Gas Control
9.	Removal of the Heat Exchanger
10.	Removal of the Thermal Fuse and OHS

Unless otherwise stated, re-assembly is the reverse of dismantling.

IMPORTANT

For some areas of dismantling you may need to isolate any or all of the following:

- * Isolate gas supply.
- * Disconnect electrical supply from wall socket.
- * Isolate water supply.
- * Drain all water from appliance.

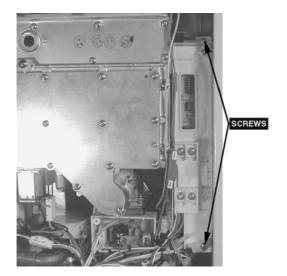
1) Removal of the Front Panel

a. Remove four (4) screws.



2) Removal of the PCB Unit

- a. Remove the front panel. (Refer Item 1.)
- b. Remove two (2) PCB unit fixing screws and pull out forward.





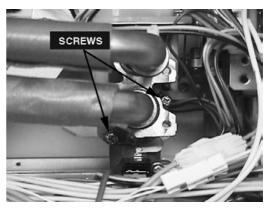
3) Removal of the Water Flow Sensor, Servo and Bypass Servo

- a. Remove the front panel. (Refer Item 1.)
- b. Remove two (2) screws and locking plates located on the water supply pipe and bypass pipe. Pull bypass pipe and water supply pipe forward to clear servo valves. Ensure O-rings are not lost or damanged.



4) Removal of the Bypass Servo

c. Remove two (2) screws from the water flow servo body, and pull the bypass servo out forwards. Ensure O-rings are not lost or damanged..

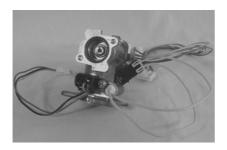




4) Removal of the Water Flow Servo with Sensor

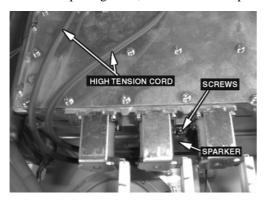
d. Remove four (4) screws from water supply connection body and take out the water flow servo with sensor and the water supply connection. Ensure O-rings are not lost or damanged..





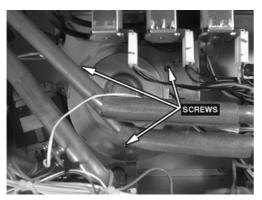
4) Removal of the Sparkers

- a. Remove front panel. (Refer Item 1.)
- b. Remove one (1) sparker screw, unplug high tension leads from spark ignitors, and take out the sparker.



4) Removal of the Combustion Fan

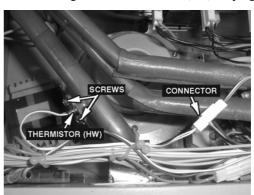
- a. Remove front panel. (Refer Item 1.)
- b. Remove three (3) combustion fan screws, pull forward and slide to the side to remove fan.

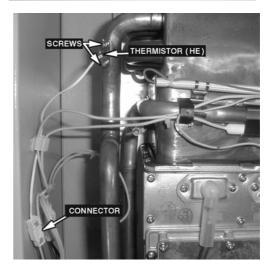




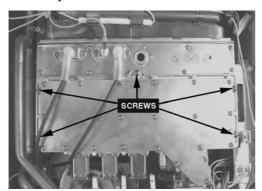
6) Removal of the Hot Water Outlet & Heat Exchanger Outlet Thermistors

- a. Remove front panel. (refer Item 1.)
- b. Remove two (2) thermistor screws and remove the Hot Water Outlet thermistor (HW), unplug.
- c. Remove two (2) thermistor screws and remove the Heat Exchanger Outlet thermistor (HE), unplug.

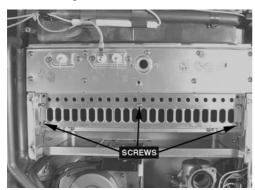




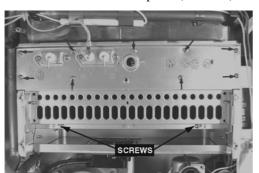
- 7) Removal of the Gas Inlet, Solenoid, Flame Rod
- a. Remove front panel (4 screws). (Refer Item 1.)
- b. Remove five (5) combustion screws located on outer edge of manifold plate.
- c. Remove two high tension leads from spark ignitors. Unplug wiring from solenoid coils.
- d. Remove two (2) manifold and gas control screws and take out by hand.



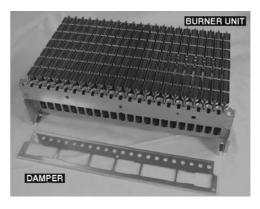
e. Remove damper (3 screws).



f. Remove two (2) burner retaining screws, then remove combustion chamber front panel (9 screws).



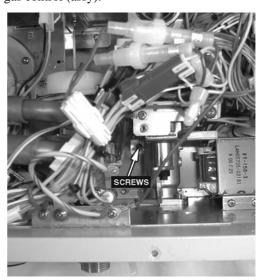
g. Take out the burner unit.



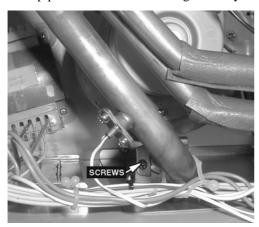
- 8) Removal of the **Gas Control**
- a. Remove front panel (4 screws). (Refer Item 1.)
- b. Remove the manifold. Refer to section 8) a. to d.
- c. Remove four (4) screws on gas connection inlet and gas control (assy), and pull out the gas connection. Handle O-ring carefully.



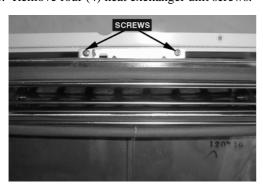
d. Remove one (1) gas control (assy) screw and pull out gas control (assy).

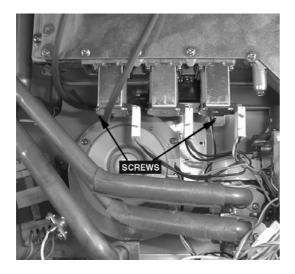


- 9) Removal of the Heat Exchanger
- a. Remove front panel (4 screws). (Refer Item 1.)
- b. Remove the PCB. (Refer Item 2.b.)
- c. Remove heat exchanger water supply pipe and bypass pipe. Refer to 3).
- d. Remove one (1) HEX HW pipe screw and pull the hot water pipe forward. Handle O-ring carefully.

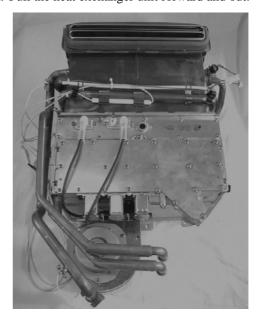


- e. Remove the two (2) screws fixing the manifold and gas control.
- f. Remove four (4) heat exchanger unit screws.





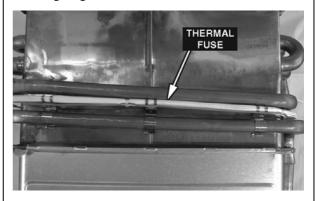
- g. Remove connectors of the fan motor, thermal fuse, flame rod etc.
- h. Pull the heat exchanger unit forward and out.



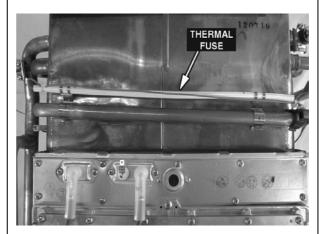
10) Removal of the Thermal Fuse and OHS

- a. Remove front panel (4 screws).
- b. Take out the heat exchanger unit. Refer to 10).
- c. Remove the thermal fuse.

Note: After replacing, install the thermal fuse as in the following diagrams.



Heat Exchanger RHS



Heat Exchanger Front



Heat Exchanger Back

d. Remove one (1) screw of the bi-metal overheat switch.



Effective: 02/11/2011 Superceded: November 2007

Version 2

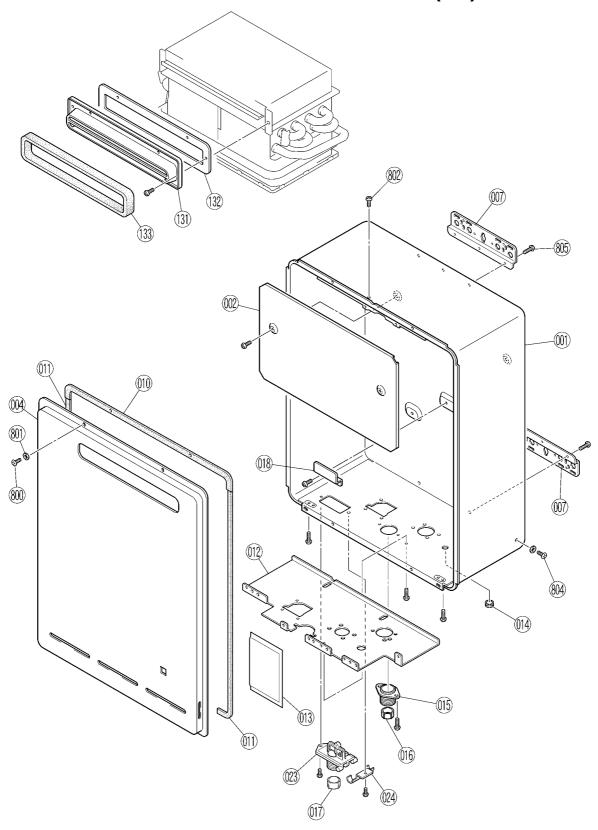
No.	Description	RA Part No	11 Digit Code
1	OUTER CASE	92093832	014-438-000
2	PLATE INSULATION		030-941-000
4	PANEL FRONT ASSEMBLY	92093378	019-3573000
7	BRACKET WALL MOUNTING	92093377	106-329-000
10	SEAL PANEL FRONT TOP	92086909	580-453-000
11	SEAL PANEL FRONT SIDE	92086917	510-903-000
12	CONNECTION REINFORCEMENT		044-154-000
13	BAG INSTALLATION MANUAL		600-051-000
14	BLIND GASKET		510-893-000
15	INF20 CABLE ENTRY	92073352	106-104-000
16	SEAL HARNESS	92099984	580-0105000
18	PLATE REINFORCEMENT		044-151-000
23	HARNESS EASY CONNECT	92099986	106-641-000
24	CONNECTION SUPPORT CLIP		538-840-000
24	CLIP SUPPORT (VRM2632WC)	92095896	538-840-000
100	GAS CONNECTION (3/4NPT)		106-290-000
100	INLET GAS 3/4	92081587	106-290-000
101	PRESSURE POINT SCREW (16Series	92099956	501-275-005
101	PRESSURE POINT SCREW	90195157	501-275-005
102	GAS CONTROL	92086926	120-241-000
103	MANIFOLD LP	92095036	101-701-000
103	MANIFOLD NG	92095035	101-702-000
104	BURNER ASSY	92092213	000-140-000
105	DAMPER LP	92099936	140-788-000
105	DAMPER NG	92099934	140-775-000
107	BURNER CASE BOTTOM PLATE		004-564-000
108	BURNER CASE FRONT		098-985-000
109	PACKING		580-573-000
111	BURNER		098-986-000
113	BURNER CASE REAR PANEL		019-3389000
114	COMBUSTION CHAMBER FRONT		580-574-000
115	ELECTRODE	92086974	202-156-000
116	ELECTRODE FR	92093640	230-057-000
117	Electrode Packing		580-0390000
117	PACKING ELECTRODE	92087015	580-0390000
118	ELECTRODE HOLDER RH	92087006	580-505-000
121	ELECTRODE SLEEVE		518-035-000
121	SLEEVE ELECTRODE	92087030	518-035-000
122	MAGNET VALVE COVER		098-0647000
123	COMBUSTION CHAMBER PACKING		092-046-000
124	COMBUSTION CHAMBER PACKING		092-047-000
125	HEAT EXCHANGER ASSY	92087049	314-696-000
131	FLUE EXHAUST	92095934	055-510-000
132	SEAL INNER FLUE	92096445	580-576-000

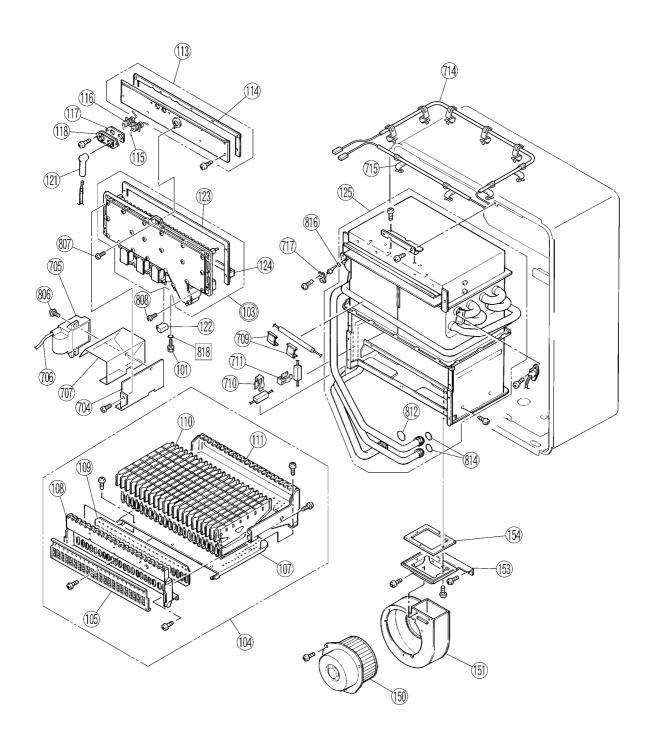
400	JOEAL SILIE MAIN BODY	00000450	500 004 000
133	SEAL FLUE MAIN BODY	92096452	580-681-000
133	Flue Outlet Packing-4	00000450	580-681-000
133	PACKING FULE MAINBODY	92096452	580-681-000
150	Fan Motor Assembly		222-534-000
150	FAN COMBUSTION ASSY	92095022	222-534-000
151	FAN CASING	92098862	035-867-000
153	BRACKET FAN		106-649-000
154	PACKING FAN BRACKET	92099942	580-580-000
400	INLET WATER (3/4)	92099968	333-301-NPB
401	PLUG BAND		553-119-000
402	FILTER WATER O LARGE	92083773	196-062-000
405	WATER FLOW SENSOR	92087064	301-163-000
406	RECTIFIER WATER	92093552	330-107-000
407	BY-PASS SERVO ASSY	92087072	301-158-000
408	STOP BRACKET		512-401-000
409	WATER FLOW SENSOR COVER		098-1445000
410	OUTLET WATER 3/4	92093807	333-450-000
411	PLUG BAND		553-043-000
412	VALVE PRESS RELIEF	92081751	337-152-000
413	STOP BRACKET		512-406-000
414	SENSOR MR	92099988	243-133-000
700	PCB MAIN	92087759	200-0471000
701	SURGE ARRESTOR	92093699	210-605-000
702	EC Cover		098-1869000
703	PCB Cover-Side		098-1844000
704	SPARKER BRACKET		538-0396000
705	SPARKER		261-157-000
705	IGNITOR ASSEMBLY	92095026	261-157-000
706	LEAD HIGH TENSION	92092253	203-828-000
707	SPARKER COVER		098-1845000
708	HEATER ANTIFROST	92093295	235-376-000
709	BRACKET HEATER	92093301	538-493-000
710	HEATER FIXING PLATE	92096225	537-0440000
711	HEATER FIXING PLATE		537-215-000
712	HEATER VALVE		235-369-000
712	HEATER WATER FLOW(ANTIFROST)	92092262	235-369-000
714	FUSE THERMAL	92090175	290-1273000
715	Thermistor Fuse Clip		553-055-000
716	THERMISTOR 1	92095030	233-246-000
717	Retainer (Large)		508-836-000
717	BRACKET FLAME ROD	92086388	508-836-000
718	SWICH THERMAL	92097187	234-444-000
720	Fuse Harness		290-1396000
720	HARNESS FUSE	92094004	290-1396000
721	220V Power Supply Harness	-	204-0015000
721	HARNESS POWER	92095038	204-0015000
722	220V Ignitor Harness		290-1398000
722	HARNESS SPARKER	92095039	290-1398000

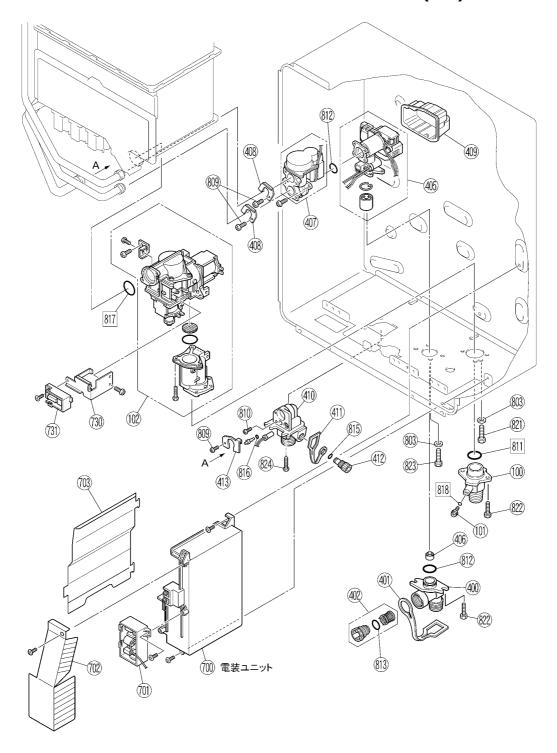
Effective: 02/11/2011 Superceded: November 2007 Version 2

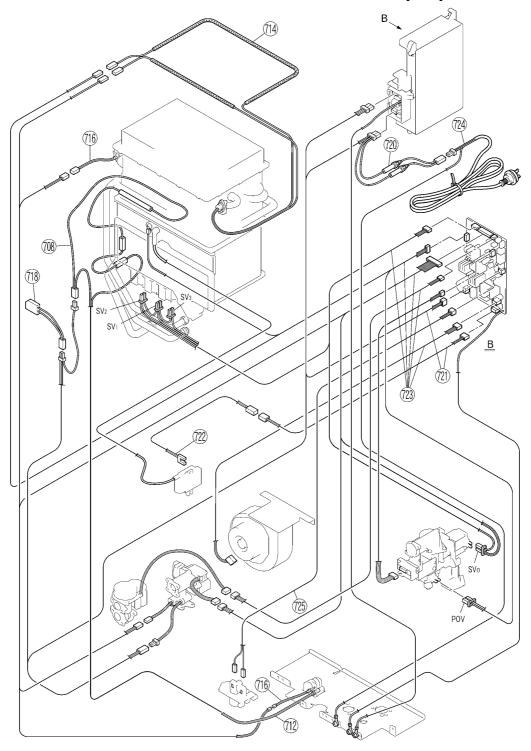
723	Sensor Harness		290-1383000
723	HARNESS SENSOR	92095040	290-1383000
724	POWER CORD	92089051	206-226-000
725	HARNESS REMOTE	92095041	290-1399000
800	Earth Screw		501-889-000
800	Truss Screw		501-973-010
801	Resin Washer		503-022-010
802	Screw		501-0057000
803	Plastic Washer		503-026-010
804	Screw		501-0091000
805	Screw		501-865-000
806	Tapping Screw		501-737-000
807	Screw		501-0092000
808	Screw		501-0064000
809	Screw		501-0093000
810	Thermistor Stop Screw		501-295-000
811	O RING GAS CON 2010	92062272	520-043-010
811	O-RING GAS CON	92072859	520-043-010
812	O-Ring		520-049-010
812	WATER INLET O RING INF16	92072818	520-049-010
812	O-RING IN/OUT WATER	92071182	520-049-010
813	O-Ring		520-048-010
813	O-RING	92062199	520-048-010
814	O-Ring		520-193-010
814	O-RING HEAT EXCHANGER	92062207	520-193-010
815	O-Ring		520-281-010
815	O-RING	92062348	520-281-010
816	O-RING THERMISTOR	92062249	520-209-010
816	O RING WATER 4MM EBF130	92043231	520-209-010
817	Packing		580-202-000
817	O-RING GAS MANIFOLD	92075126	580-202-000
818	O-RING (S-4)	90195165	520-300-010
821	Screw		501-395-000
823	Screw		511-119-000
824	Screw		501-403-000
888	OPERATION MANUAL(RAU)		623-344-700
889	Installation Manual		K23-397-800
9103	GAS CONVERSION KIT		923L3978NAT
9201	GAS CONVERSION KIT		923N3978LPG

21. Exploded Diagram









SERVICE CONTACT POINTS



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Head Office

10-11 Walker Street, Braeside, Victoria 3195 P.O. Box 460 Tel: (03) 9271 6625 Fax: (03) 9271 6622

Rinnai has a Service and Spare Parts network with personnel who are fully trained and equipped to give the best service on your Rinnai appliance. If your appliance requires service, please call our Hot Water Service Line. Rinnai recommends that this appliance be serviced every 3 years.

Internet: www.rinnai.com.au E-mail: enquiry@rinnai.com.au

National Help Lines

Spare Parts & Technical Info Tel: 1300 555 5**4**5* Fax: 1300 300 141*

*Cost of a local call Higher from mobile or public phones.

Hot Water Service Line Tel: 1800 000 340